## Example of a Simple Genetic Algorithm

8-bit chromosomes
Fitness function $f(x)=$ number of 1 bits in chromosome
Population size $=4$
Crossover probability $=70 \%$
Mutation probability per bit $=0.1 \%$

| Chromosome | Fitness |
| :--- | :---: |
| A: $\mathbf{0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0}$ | 2 |
| B: $\mathbf{1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0}$ | 6 |
| C: $\mathbf{0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0}$ | 1 |
| D: $\mathbf{0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0}$ | 3 |

Average fitness of population $=12 / 4=3.0$


Fitness-proportionate selection ("roulette-wheel sampling")

1. B and C selected, crossover not performed
2. B mutated
$B: 11101110 \longrightarrow B^{\prime}: 01101110$
3. B and D selected, crossover performed

B:
4. E mutated
$\mathrm{E}: \mathbf{1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0} \longrightarrow \mathrm{E}^{\prime}: \mathbf{1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0}$
New population:

| Chromosome | Fitness |
| :--- | :---: |
| $B^{\prime}: \mathbf{0 1 1 0 1 1 1 0}$ | 5 |
| C:00100000 | 1 |
| $\mathrm{E}^{\prime}: \mathbf{1 0 1 1 0 0 0 0}$ | 3 |
| F: 01101110 | 5 |

Best-fit string from previous population lost, but...Average fitness of population now 14/4 $=3.5$

